



K.P.C PUBLIC SCHOOL, KHARGHAR
ASSESSMENT - I 2023-24

GRADE: VIII
SUBJECT: SST

MARKS :50
TIME: 2 HRS

SECTION A

This Question comprises Multiple Choice type questions one mark each: (20 M)

1. Fill in the blanks:

The demand of indigo was affected by the discovery of _____

- A. Synthetic dyes B. Woad C. Blue colour D. None of these

2. Haidar Ali was the ruler of

- A. Bengal B. Bombay C. Delhi D. Mysore

3. Which is not a source of describing history?

- A. Diaries of the people B. Conversation between two people
C. Accounts of pilgrims and travellers D. Autobiographies of important personalities

4. There are two statements as Assertion(A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the codes provided below:

Assertion (A)-The Constitution usually contains rules that ensure that minorities are not excluded from anything that is routinely available to the majority.

Reason (R)-Indian Constitution guarantees the right to equality to all persons

- A. A is correct but R is wrong
B. A is wrong but R is correct
C. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
D. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

5. Which one of these was annexed on the basis of Dalhousie's 'Doctrine of Lapse'?

- A. Punjab B. Awadh C. Satara D. Hyderabad

6. Identify the odd one out from the following groups:

- A. Rock dams, Mulching, Terrace farming and Earthquake
B. Ponds, lakes, sea, and river.
C. Land, soil, water and minerals
D. Legislature, executive, judiciary and government

7. The government cannot force Sikhs to wear a helmet while driving two-wheelers because_____.

- A. Sikhs are very powerful B. They do not obey government rules
C. They look handsome in pagri
D. Wearing a pagri is a very important part of Sikh religion

8. There are two statements as Assertion(A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the codes provided below:

Assertion (A)- Time and technology are two important factors that can change substances into resources

Reason (R) – Time and technology are related to the needs of the people. People themselves are the most important resource

- A. A is correct but R is wrong
B. A is wrong but R is correct
C. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
D. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

9. Match the following:

- 1. INC - a) fixing revenue**
2. Germany - b) plant producing blue colour
3. Indigo - c) Indian National Congress
4. Vat - d) Hitler

- A. 1-a, 2-b, 3-d, 4-c B. 1-c, 2-d, 3-b, 4-a C. 1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c D. 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d

10. Soil is made up of _____

- A. Organic matters B. Minerals C. Weathered rocks D. All of these

11. What is CITES?

- A. Conservation on International Trade in Endangered Species
B. Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species
C. Cooperation on International Trade in Endangered Species
D. Conservation of International Training in Education System

12. Resources used carefully and giving them time to get renewed is called

- A. Resource depletion B. Resource conservation
C. Resource pollution D. None of these

13. Secularism means that the state promotes

- A. One Religion B. No Religion C. Both (A) and (B) D. None of these

14. Why is it necessary to increase the area under forests?

- A. To maintain ecological balance B. Forest absorb carbon dioxide from the atmosphere
C. Forest help in raising the level of precipitation D. All of these

15. Rani Channamma was the ruler of

- A. Bengal B. Bombay C. Kittur D. Agra

16. What attracted European trading companies to India?

- A. Cheap and fine quality of silk and cotton
B. Spices like pepper, cloves, cardamom, and cinnamon
C. All of the above
D. None of these

17. Which one of the following method is the most appropriate to check soil erosion on steep slopes?

- A. Shelter belts B. Mulching C. Terrace cultivation D. None of the above

18. Which one of the following is a human-made resource?

- A. Medicines to treat cancer B. Spring water
C. Tropical forests D. All of these

19. Which one is a correct statement with regard to Saudi Arabia?

- A. Non-Muslims can gather in a public place for prayer.
B. Non-Muslims cannot build a temple, church, etc.
C. They can live in their own way.
D. None of the above

20. Which one was not a trading company?

- A. The Portuguese B. The Dutch C. The French D. The Japanese

SECTION B

This Question comprises Very Short Answer type questions two marks each:

(6M)

21. What do you mean by common property resource?
22. Define the term "Blue rebellion".
23. What are Directive Principles?

SECTION C

This Question comprises Short Answer type questions three marks each:

(9 M)

24. What are the objectives of a secular state?
25. Difference between the Mahalwari system and permanent settlement.

OR

Describe the position of Bengal's economy during the Diwani of the Company.

26. How is India a Parliamentary form of Government?

SECTION D

This Question comprises Long Answer type questions five marks:

(5 M)

27. Distinguish between National Park and Biosphere Reserve.

OR

In what way was the administration of the Company different from that of Indian rulers?

SECTION E

This Question comprises Case Study Based Questions six marks:

(6 M)

28. Read the source given below and answer the question that follows:

Mona had a nightmare. She dreamt that all the water on the earth had dried up and all the trees cut down. There was no shade and nothing to eat or drink. People were suffering and roaming around desperately looking for food and shade. She told her mother about the dream. "Amma can this really happen?" she asked. "Yes," Amma replied. Using resources carefully and giving them time to get renewed is called resource conservation. Balancing the need to use resources and also conserve them for the future is called sustainable development. There are many ways of conserving resources. Each person can contribute by reducing consumption, recycling and reusing things. Ultimately it makes a difference because all our lives are linked. "I am going to be very careful not to waste paper," said Jessy. "Many trees are cut down to make paper," she explained. "I will see that electricity is not wasted in my house," shouted Mustafa. "Electricity comes from water and coal."

28. 1. Where does electricity come from? 1

28. 2. What is meant by sustainable development? 1

28. 3. What is called Resource Conservation? 1

29. Read the source given below and answer the question that follows:

The legend of Tipu

Kings are often surrounded by legend and their powers glorified through folklore. Here is a legend about Tipu Sultan who became the ruler of Mysore in 1782. It is said that once he had a French friend. There he came face to face with a tiger. His gun did not work and his dagger fell to the ground. He battled with the tiger unarmed until he managed to reach down and pick up the dagger. Finally he was able to kill the tiger in the battle. After this he came to be known as the "Tiger of Mysore". He had the image of the tiger on his flag.

29. 1. What does the legend about Tipu Sultan glorify? 2

29. 2. When did Tipu Sultan become the ruler of Mysore? 1

SECTION F

This Question comprises Map Skilled Based questions one mark each:

(4 M)

30. On an outline map of India locate and label any 4 of the following with suitable symbols.

1. Any one area not under the British rule
2. Mysore
3. Bengal
4. Kolkata
5. Delhi